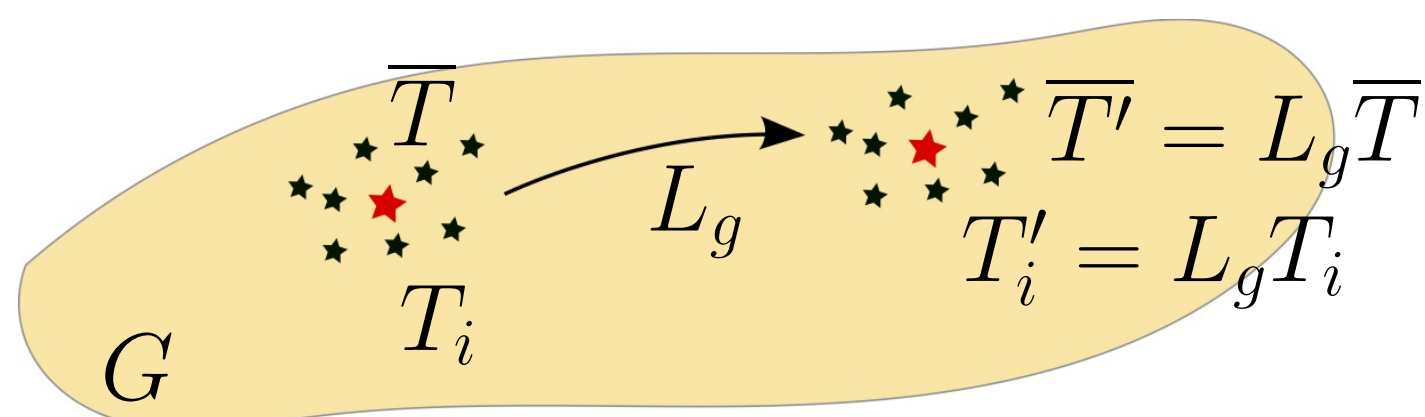


Medical Imaging often requires to estimate continuous transformations of the space, in other words: elements of a Lie group. A consistent statistical framework for Lie groups is needed. We investigate here the definition of the mean.

Requirements for a "good" definition of the mean \bar{T} of $\{T_i\}_i$

(1) Respect the group structure

If $\{T_i\}_i$ is left (resp. right) translated by $g \in G$ or inverted, \bar{T} shall vary the same way : **bi-invariance** of \bar{T} .



(2) Enable computations

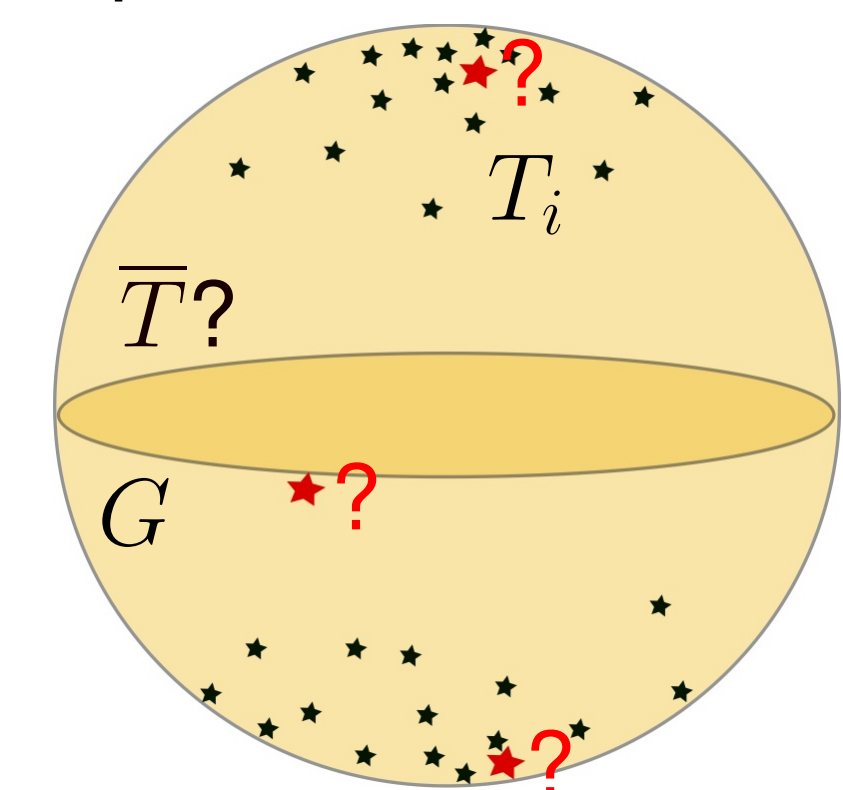
An algorithm to compute \bar{T} shall be provided.

→ Applicability to Medical Imaging or Computer Vision in general.

Example: Longitudinal registration.

(3) State the definition domain

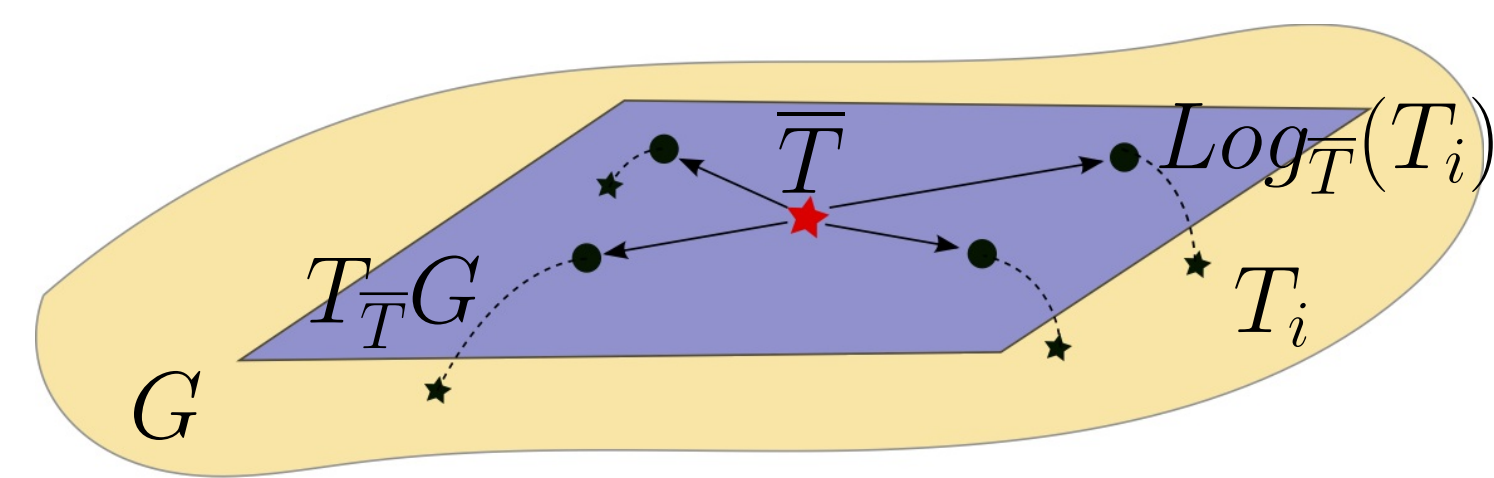
The maximal \mathcal{D} for $\{T_i\}_i$ st. \bar{T} exists and is unique shall be stated.



The group exponential barycenter \bar{T}_{expbar}

\bar{T}_{expbar} is the solution of the equation $\sum_i \text{Log}_{\bar{T}}(T_i) = 0$, where Log is the group logarithm.

On $T_{\bar{T}}G$, \bar{T} is precisely the barycenter of vectors $\text{Log}_{\bar{T}}(T_i)$.



Does \bar{T}_{expbar} satisfy the requirements of a good definition?

(1) \bar{T}_{expbar} is naturally bi-invariant [1].

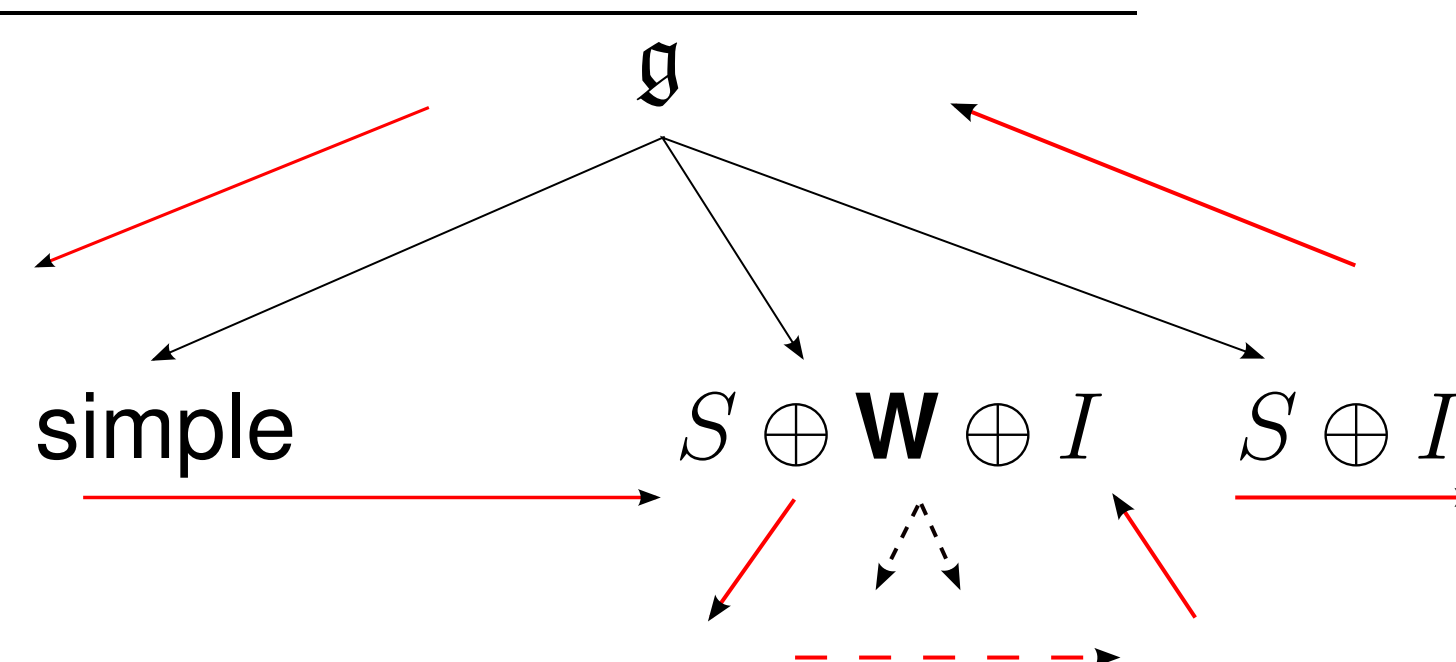
(2) Barycentric fixed point iteration Algorithm [1].

(3) Try 1: Use a pseudo-Riemannian setting on G ?

Idea: Use a pseudo-metric \langle, \rangle consistent with group geodesics: bi-invariance of \langle, \rangle ?

Theorem: Class of Lie algebras with bi-invariant pseudo-metric = class obtained by direct sum and double extensions of simple and abelian [2].

An algorithm to construct bi-invariant pseudo-metrics on a given G



Tests on Lie groups with \bar{T}_{expbar}

- $SE(3)$ has a 2-dim. space of bi-invariant pseudo-metrics.
 - $H, SE(n \neq 3), ST(n)$ don't have any bi-invariant pseudo-metric.
- The pseudo-Riemannian setting is not rich enough to characterize \bar{T}_{expbar} .

(3) Try 2: Use the affine connection setting on G !

Idea : Use a connection ∇ consistent with group geodesics: bi-invariance of ∇ ? → **Cartan-Schouten connections** [1].

[1] Pennec, Arsigny. Exponential Barycenter of the Canonical Cartan Connection and Invariant Mean on Lie groups. *Matrix Information Geometry*. 2012.

[2] Medina, Revoy. Algèbre de Lie et produit scalaire invariant. *l'École Normale Supérieure*, 18(3). 1985.